विभिन्न क्षेत्रों का निजीकरण

1504. **मौलाना अबैदुल्ला खान आजमी :** क्या खान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या उनके मंत्रालय के अंतर्गत विभिन्न क्षेत्रों में निजीकरण शुरू करने की कोई योजना सरकार के विचाराधीन है ; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है ?

खान मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री बलराम सिंह यादव) : (क) और (ख) खान मंत्रालय के अधीन किसी भी उद्यम के निजीकरण करने का कोई प्रस्ताव नहीं है । सरकार द्वारा केवल खान मंत्रालय के अधीन दो सरकारी उपक्रमों–नेशनल एल्यूमिनियम कंपनी लिमिटेड के 2.72% और हिंदुस्तान जिंक लिमिटेड के 20% तक शेयरों का म्युचुअल फन्डों और वित्तीय संस्थानों में आंशिक पुन-निवेश करने की अनुमति दी गई है । इससे बाजार में इन शेयरों को कम किया जा सकेगा ।

Privatisation of Mines

1505. SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA: Will the Minister of MINES be pleased to state:

(a) what are the mines and the areas of their location which are being given to private parties for development; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof, item-wise and State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF MINES (SHRI BAL-RAM SINGH YADAV): (a) and (b) India abounds in large number of minerals, the principal ones being bauxite, iron-ore, manganese-ore, lime-stone, bary-tes, dolomite, zinc, kyanite etc.

Mining of these minerals is done both in public and private sectors, except coal and lignite. Before taking up mining, an entrepreneur has to obtain a mining lease under the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1957. The total number of mining leases as on 1-2-1992 in respect of 66 major minerals including important minerals referred to above was 10,946 in the entire country out of which 725 leases are in public sector and 10,221 leases are in private sector. The State/Union Territory-wise break-up. and mineral-wise break-up of these mining leases are indicated in statement I& II respectively.

Statement

State-Union territory-wise mumber of mining lease granted as on 11.2.92

S. No.	Name of State/Union Territory	No. of Mining Leases
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1273
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	
3.	Assam	19
4.	Bihar .	627
5.	Goa	556
6.	Gujarat ...	1678
7.	Haryana	49
8.	Himachal Pradesh	43
3.	Jammu & Kashmir	8
10.	Karnataka	976
11.	Kerala	92